

otherwise contributing toward a peaceful solution.

Important Phase.
For this reason the progress of William Bayard Rustin's campaign with General Carranza is regarded as an important phase of the American peace program.

There is a feeling among administration officials that if the Constitutionalists are as sincere as they are represented, desiring chiefly the restoration of constitutional government, little difficulty should be encountered in selecting a man acceptable to both sides for President and Interior while further arrangements for an election are made.

To the foreign nations which have made inquiry as to what might follow Huerta's departure, the American government has indicated this process of pacification.

Seek to Reopen Negotiations.
Mexico City, November 12.—Members of President Huerta's official family are working diligently for the reopening of the negotiations and for the making of concessions, which they believe will be satisfactory to the United States.

The Mexican Minister of Interior, Manuel Barragán, saw Nelson O'Shaughnessy, the American charge d'affaires, late today, and appealed to him to do all in his power to induce his government to withhold action until the Mexican officials could communicate with Mr. Lind, now at Vera Cruz, who based his appeal on the allegation that they were unable yesterday to get in touch with General Huerta, in order to present to him Mr. Lind's communication.

The American charge could give the minister little assurance. Senator Aldrich asked if Mr. Lind could be persuaded to return to the capital, or, failing that, if a representative of the government might not go to Vera Cruz and confer with Mr. Lind.

Mr. O'Shaughnessy expressed the opinion that either course would be useless. In the case, they agreed to present the case to President Wilson, embodying the representations of President Huerta's counselors, together with an appeal for postponement of action directed at lifting the embargo on arms and ammunition, or such other action as had been decided upon.

It is believed that General Huerta, through his counselors, proposes to present a plan something in the nature of a ultimatum. He is said to be reconciled to the idea of resigning from the presidency, but wants to submit his resignation to the new Congress, the body which President Wilson, through Mr. Lind, has declared must not convene. Huerta's friends and those in his cabinet, who are attempting to induce him to yield, have been informed that there are certain measures Congress might take which would be objectionable to the United States, and that if any plan devised by them involves the convening of Congress, it would be well to sign papers in which should be set forth what measures ensure this new law-making body expects to pass upon, and to see to it that such measures as are regarded by Washington as objectionable are excluded.

Find No Trace of Huerta.
Mexico City, November 13.—Reports that General Huerta had fled from the Federal capital were revived this afternoon, owing to the inability of those interested in his actions to find any definite trace of him.

The rumors that General Huerta was planning to take a German steamer for Europe have been current here for several days. Inasmuch as Huerta is not accustomed to observe any routine, it is still regarded as probable that he may reappear in his usual haunts in due time.

An official notification was published today ordering those Mexican Senators and Deputies who were elected on October 25 to assemble during the afternoon on Saturday, November 15, in their respective houses, in order to elect their organization.

No signs of weakening were evident at the National Palace today, and the American embassy was in a state of suspense, not knowing what to expect next.

It developed today that in the course of the preliminary exchanges of views between John Lind, the personal representative of President Wilson, and the Mexican officials on the question of the dissolution of the new Mexican Congress, General Huerta advanced the plea that he could not dissolve it, because it had been legally elected.

Mr. Lind's reply to this was the presentation of the demands made by the United States government, accompanied by the declaration that what General Huerta had been able to do with the former Congress he must do with this one of his own creation.

Interest in Exchanges.
Nogales, Sonora, Mexico, November 13.—Interest was focused upon official Washington tonight by the principal in the exchange between President Wilson and General Carranza through William Bayard Rustin. It was considered probable that the next step would come either in the form of an announcement from the American capital or a resumption of the negotiations in Nogales between Mr. Hale and the Constitutionalists.

Carranza's officers of his staff, and the members of his personal cabinet went about their routine of business today. Mr. Hale divided his time between his hotel, on the American side, and the American consulate, talking with Consul Frederick Simpich and callers.

General Carranza referred to the diplomatic negotiations only once today.

"I will not enter into transactions with the Huerta government, directly or indirectly," he said, "nor will I accept the mediation of anybody."

The military leaders here were cheered to-night by what they considered significant news from the south. General Pablo Gonzales, Constitutional commander in the States of Nuevo Leon and Tamaulipas, reported to General Carranza that his troops had taken twenty-two towns, routed the Federalists in two decisive battles, and captured two military trains, with large supplies of munitions. General Gonzales said that at present his forces were marching against Victoria, capital of Tamaulipas.

Serious Hitch Reported.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
Douglas, Ariz., November 13.—A serious hitch is reported to have arisen in the negotiations between Dr. William

Our Sprightly Showings for Young Women:



Every "Sport Coat" does not belong to the same coat family.

Ours are distinctive! Just as classy as if your tailor made them to your order.

Fabrics are the wantable sort, too.

For girls and young women. Prices, \$8 to \$28.

Middy Blouse of the same good character, \$1 to \$2.

Raincoats, \$4.50 to \$25.

Sweaters de luxe.

Everything boys wear.

W. H. Sample

Bayard Hale, representing President Wilson, and General Carranza and his cabinet at Nogales, Mexico. The Constitutionalists object to the proposition that the United States or other foreign powers be permitted to land forces on Mexican soil for the restoration of order and the removal of live and property, without interference by the revolutionists. The Carranzistas insist that they alone shall be allowed to eliminate Huerta. They are not willing to agree to almost any other condition. In return for the raising of the embargo against the importation of arms and ammunition across the American border.

The offer of the United States to raise the embargo has many strings attached to it, including the signing by the Constitutionalists of an extensive program for the future conduct of Mexican affairs, from which there is to be no dissent. Even the plan of campaign against Huerta is said to be outlined in the American proposition. Revolutionary leaders, however, are confident that the hitch over the landing of troops and other conditions imposed by the Washington government, would be overcome, and that Carranza will be empowered to proceed with the fight against Huerta, with the moral, if not actual, support of the United States.

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Mexican Spies in City.
(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
Laredo, Tex., November 13.—Considerable interest was manifested here today in the special report made by the grand jury of the Federal Court for the Southern District of Texas, which adjourned last night. The report called attention to the fact that the investigation has shown that there are a number of spies of the Mexican government in this city, who are watching all military and other movements of individuals, and making reports to their Mexican officers at Nuevo Laredo. It is alleged one or two Americans are among the spies. The report requested that the Department of Justice be urged to take some action toward deporting these undesirable citizens at the earliest possible moment. The matter has been referred to the Department of Justice in strong terms.

It is known at least fifteen spies of the Mexican government are now making their headquarters in Laredo.

Secret Orders Received.
Douglas, Ariz., November 13.—Secret orders have been received by the Ninth Cavalry (negro), which is stationed here. Letters of absence have been received and equipment is being hurriedly reloaded as if in preparation for field service. Couriers have been border word sent to the troops patrolling the border west of New Mexico. Relatives and friends of Americans in Sonora have sent them code messages advising them to assemble in the large mining camps, where they can easily be reached by American troops in case of emergency.

It is understood that in the event of intervention the army here plans to immediately occupy Nacozari, Cananea and El Tigre, three of the largest American mining camps in Sonora. Nacozari, the most distant from the coast, is eighty miles to the north, connecting by railroad with Douglas. Several car loads of extra weapons have been received by the Ninth Cavalry. Supplies for six months are now on hand.

Against Intervention.
(Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch.)
London, November 13.—The Mexican consul here told the correspondent of The Times-Dispatch today that Mexico is under no circumstances to tolerate intervention by the United States.

He said his nation was able to put 250,000 well armed men in the field, and that it was well known that the Mexican soldier could do when it came to a matter of guerrilla warfare. "American intervention would mean complete fusion of all the Mexican factions and parties," he continued. "They would get together and fight their country against the invader. They would have just cause to do so and I believe President Wilson is pursuing a mistaken policy in not recognizing the retirement of General Huerta. "Mexico couldn't allow foreign intervention on a question purely democratic."

Dilemmas of Invasion.
London, November 14.—The Times, in an editorial on the Mexican situation this morning, declines to believe that a successful invasion would be sufficient to remove General Huerta, and dilates on the enormous difficulties of an invasion. It says:

"Nobody questions the power of the United States to overcome any opposition if they make up their minds to the necessary sacrifices, although it is not impossible that they will find, as we ourselves have found, that it is far easier to get into such a country with glory than to get out with credit. But the difficulties are so great and so obvious that we earnestly trust that President Wilson may even yet avoid them by wise and dexterous diplomacy."

The Daily Graphic, deprecating the criticism of the President's policy, says: "The Americans are entitled to order their politics as they please. However much the President's motives may differ from the English practice, they merit our profound respect, and with memories of Lord John Russell before us on the one hand and of the Holy Alliance on the other, we are not qualified to lecture President Wilson."

Lind at Vera Cruz.
Vera Cruz, November 13.—John Lind, accompanied by Captain James A. Burdick, American consul, and others, arrived here today and took up his quarters at the United States consulate. Mr. Lind said he would remain in Vera Cruz.

Japanese Participation.
Tokyo, November 13.—The Japanese Foreign Minister, Baron Nobukuni Makino, today conferred with Premier Count Gombei Yamamoto on the Mexican situation. The dispatch of the cruiser Izumo to Mexican waters is regarded as signaling the beginning of Japanese participation in political problems of the West. The Izumo sails about November 20.

Informed of Every Move.
London, November 13.—The British government is being kept informed of every move made by the United States in regard to Mexico. Ambassadors have received a message from Washington to the effect that they are to be kept informed of every move made by the United States in regard to Mexico.

These visits and the cablegrams from Washington are believed to be the result of an understanding between the British and the United States that neither shall do anything concerning Mexico without the consent of the other. As far as Great Britain is concerned, the British government has agreed to leave matters in the hands of the United States. The understanding that the latter will not do anything to prejudice the interests of British subjects in Mexico.

The Cheater at Vera Cruz.
Vera Cruz, Mexico, November 13.—The United States scout cruiser Chester arrived here from Philadelphia today. More than 100 American refugees from Mexico City reached here today. Many of them are army and naval veterans. Most of the remainder are awaiting steamers.

PARIS TO NEW YORK
IN AIR CRUISERS

German Inventor Organizes \$5,000,000 Corporation to Build Fleet of Six.

(Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch.)
Paris, November 13.—Paris to New York in sixty hours.

This will be possible within a year, according to A. Boerner, a German inventor, who today organized a \$5,000,000 corporation to build a fleet of six dirigibles, carrying dirigibles to Europe, Paris, London and New York.

The inventor said the specifications of his dirigible have been passed upon by leading French and German aviation experts and all have agreed that his design presents the greatest possibilities for long ocean voyages. The six dirigibles, according to the plans, will be 500 feet over all, eighty feet in beam and about 100 feet high. Each dirigible will accommodate 300 passengers, and the luxuries provided will vie with the equipment of the Imperator.

Boerner explained that it will be impossible for all the motors of the machine to fail to work, for with this he is no danger from the explosion of the gas bag, such as wrecked the Zeppelin L-2, and killed twenty-nine men near Berlin last month.

The new dirigible will be fitted with a semirigid car running the entire length of the dirigible. This car will be fitted with thirty-four motors of 200 horsepower each, and will be so arranged that the dirigible can be operated in any direction without carrying shifting ballast. Three separate air bags, contained in one huge envelope, will supply the buoyancy, and special precautions are provided for the protection from atmospheric influence, thus largely doing away with the danger of an explosion. The dirigible is expected to fly at a speed of seventy miles an hour in the air, and thirty-five miles when running on the sea. Each cruiser is estimated to cost \$500,000.

ORDERED TO CANAL ZONE

Count Artillery Company Will Be Given Permanent Station.

Washington, November 13.—With the great fleet of battleships of the Panama Canal practically completed, Secretary Galeski today recommended that the General War Department be authorized to dispatch the Count Artillery Company, Delaware, to the Canal Zone to take permanent station in the new fortifications. The company will receive the ammunition and instruments and put the batteries in working order. It will be reinforced by several additional companies. Captain F. W. Clark, commanding the company, will be replaced by Captain Alfred Hasbrouck, of the One Hundred and Forty-first Company, at Boston, the company departs for the Isthmus.

WARNS AGAINST EXTREMISTS

Edison Says Recent Fads Will Go When Novelty Wears Off.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
New York, November 13.—"Faddists and extremists have been common in all ages," said Thomas A. Edison today, discussing things generally. "The Turkish gown and women smoking will go when the novelty wears off. Extremists, however, only a fraction of our people, and we need not fear for the others." Mr. Edison believes in eugenic marriages, but deprecates the teaching of sex hygiene in schools to pupils who are not old enough to understand it.

Blood Medicine

That originated in a famous doctor's successful prescription, that is made from the purest and best ingredients, that has a record of relief and benefit believed to be unequalled the world over—such is HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA.

SCORES OF LIVES LOST IN BLIZZARD ON GREAT LAKES

(Continued From First Page.)
aboard the ship when she reached the docks. Captain Hult says the Hohenfels encountered storm after storm throughout the voyage, and was blown hundreds of miles out of her course. She left Hamburg October 9.

Blizzard Sweeping Lake.
(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
Chicago, November 13.—A blizzard sweeping Lake Superior to-night threatened to add further to the enormous loss of life and property already registered on the Great Lakes, and to reduce the present situation of rescuing any who may have until now been found to be in cold storage.

Dangers Practically at End.
(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
Cleveland, O., November 13.—Dangers from a dozen or more general sources which have threatened the lives of Cleveland people since Sunday night, today practically were at an end. Health authorities say that if city water is boiled there will be slight danger of pneumonia, but no greater now than at any other time when streets are filled with water and slush.

The whole city began breathing more freely today when the tremendous accumulation of snow ran harmlessly into the sewers.

One man died today as a result of the storm. This brings the total deaths in the city to six. John Schneider, seventy years old, fell down in a meat market after a walk of three blocks under the snow. He had become exhausted, which accounted for his death.

Appeals for aid began pouring into the city today. Forty-six families, suffering from the storm, were being cared for in the city.

PELLAGRA IS MOST DEADLY

Causes Larger Number of Deaths in Spartanburg Than Any Other Disease.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
Spartanburg, S. C., November 13.—Pellagra has caused more deaths in Spartanburg the past year than any other disease, according to statistics made public today by the Board of Health. Tuberculosis formerly was the most deadly disease.

Homeopaths Adjourn.
Atlanta, Ga., November 13.—After electing officers and naming a committee, which later will select the next place of meeting, the Southern Homeopathic Association today adjourned its annual convention here. Dr. H. W. Poole, Danville, Va., president; Dr. L. Stone, Atlanta, Ga., first vice-president; Dr. Lee Norman, Louisville, Ky., second vice-president; Dr. J. R. Stout, Jacksonville, Fla., treasurer.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Ayer's Hair Vigor is composed of sulphur, glycerin, quinin, sodium chlorid, capsicum, sage, alcohol, water, perfume. A hair tonic. Promptly checks falling hair. Does not color the hair.

EYEGLASSES AND ECONOMY

The phrase, "The best is the cheapest" is well exemplified in the purchase of spectacles and eyeglasses.

With cheap glasses you usually purchase discomfort and possible eye injury. Galeski Glasses, combined with Galeski Service, insure comfort and preservation of the eyesight.

Galeski Glasses cost no more than similar kinds without Galeski Service.

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We are Agents for The Comet Heater Self Feeder

More sold than any other heater in Richmond. Prices, \$18.50 and \$22.50. Set up FREE.

Rountree-Sutherland-Cherry Corp. MADE FROM GOLD MEDAL FLOUR.

TATMOR BREAD

RAISED FROM FLEISCHMANN'S YEAST

SWEEPING CHARGES OF FRAUD ARE FILED HUERTA REPORTED ABOUT TO YIELD

How His Elimination From Situation Is to Come About Not Explained.

OFFICIALS REMAIN SILENT

Armistice May Be Arranged While New President Is Elected by People.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
Washington, November 13.—Secret dispatches to the State Department today from Dr. William Bayard Hale, special envoy to General Carranza, Constitutional leader, and from John Lind and Charge d'Affaires O'Shaughnessy, who are dealing with Huerta, are locked up in President Wilson's desk with a special message he had prepared to give to the public.

After a White House statement had been made early in the day that a special announcement on the Mexican situation was to be sent out, the President said late this afternoon:

"There are elements in this case which I cannot at present discuss, but which make it look to me very much more favorable."

It is understood that the White House has been informed Huerta is about to yield to pressure and to eliminate himself as the "stormy petrel" in Mexican affairs.

How this elimination is to come about was not explained. The White House had been informed that Carranza and his supporters are dumb on the subject. Those best acquainted with the Mexican situation believe that Dr. Hale has secured from General Carranza a pledge to agree to an armistice, while some prominent Mexicans yet unidentified with either or any political faction in that country can be presented to the people for election as President, and that reports from Lind and O'Shaughnessy carry hope that Huerta may accept the agreement.

Not Made Public.
The text of the Hale and O'Shaughnessy notes to the State Department were not made public, although admission was made by Secretary Bryan that they had been received.

The early determination of the White House to make public an announcement on the Mexican situation was based on the rejection by Huerta of the demands of Carranza that he retire, and that the new Mexican Congress should be dissolved because of illegality in his election.

The hour attempt on the part of this government to avert either a special message telling of defeat in attempts to bring about amicable adjustment of the situation in Mexico, or an appeal to Congress for support in further action or authorization to proceed along lines leading to intervention.

While Dr. Hale's mission has been kept a secret and President Wilson has announced that he does not represent him in any negotiations he may be conducting with Carranza, the Hale report today was the most important received at the State Department, and it is held as official. The President acted on that report when it was backed up by reports received from Lind and O'Shaughnessy.

It is held by State Department authorities that Hale could not have dealt with Carranza on the subject of raising of the embargo against the export of arms into Mexico, because this plan has been condemned by the interested foreign governments and is opposed by Secretary Bryan.

Significance was attached to the indication of the White House in reference to the issuance of the statement of conditions with reference to the Mexican situation and the announcement of new policies of the administration. Secretary Bryan gave notice yesterday that a statement from the President might be expected at any time.

Locked in His Desk.
Following this announcement, the President let it be known early today that he would issue a pronouncement later in the day. He admitted that he had received three hours later the President announced that he had no statement to make, and did not know that any Mexican announcement or statement of policy would be given.

He said that he had written out some views for his own guidance, but that he had locked his notes in his desk. Dispatches received at the State Department today announce the success of the revolutionists in Mexico in capturing the port of Atlanta, Lower California. Consul Alger, at Mazatlan, reported that the water supply of Mazatlan on the west coast of Mexico had been cut about three miles out of the city. The revolutionists are operating in that section with the purpose of capturing Mazatlan.

The value to the revolutionists of getting a seaport town is to control the harbor, in which they may be able to secure arms and munitions. Should they succeed in securing Mazatlan, they would be free to take in without secrecy, munitions of war.

BRYAN DECLINES TO SEE ZELAYA

Former Dictator of Nicaragua Denied Audience at Department of State.

Washington, November 13.—Jose Santos Zelaya, former dictator of Nicaragua, now in New York, today was denied an audience at the Department of State. The former dictator sent an embassy to ask for an appointment, but did not communicate the nature of his business Secretary Bryan declined to see him.

The secretary later announced that Zelaya was not under surveillance. This led to a report that the United States will not proceed against Zelaya under the immigration laws and that no request has been received for his arrest and extradition to Nicaragua, where it is understood he is under indictment.

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ANXIOUS TO PAY PENALTY OF CRIME

No Doubt Now That Fritzing's Story of Wife-Murder Is True.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

Norfolk, Va., November 13.—Any doubt that might have existed in the minds of the local police that Oscar Fritzing, of Leighton, Pa., was not telling the truth when he confessed to the murder of his wife by drowning, after he had surrendered himself at police headquarters last Tuesday night, has been dispelled.

In reply to a letter written yesterday by Major Kizer, a telegram was received here this afternoon from C. C. Vetter, district attorney of Welsport, Pa., stating that Fritzing is badly wanted there, and asking that he be held until an officer arrives for him. It was stated in the telegram that the officer would be sent at once.

Fritzing is now in jail. He said he pushed his wife into Lehigh Canal after a quarrel in June, 1909, and that since he joined the Salvation Army last Sunday night, his conscience had given him no rest.

Fritzing says he wants to go back to Leighton and pay the penalty for his crime. "I cannot stand the suspense any longer," he said. "I can hear my wife calling to me to help her out of the canal. I turned away, and left her to drown. I want to tell my story to the Leighton police."

Fritzing told the officers that he had married a second time, about four years after murdering his wife, but that he has since secured a divorce from his second wife, and that she is living in the West. He said he married her under the name of John Day. Her name was Margaret Day, and she had been divorced from her first husband. He became acquainted with her through a matrimonial bureau.

Fritzing says he has corresponded with several other women through the matrimonial bureau. He said he had entertained hopes of marrying a woman with plenty of money. A number of letters were found in his two valises when he was arrested, and he has been carrying on an extensive correspondence.

MISSING BANDSMAN ARRIVES AT ROME

Man Intrusted With Money by Sailors Hopes to Arrange Matters Satisfactorily.

Rome, November 13.—Alfonso Calderozo, the former band leader of the United States battleship Utah, who disappeared a few days ago with about \$3,000 entrusted to him by sailors of the ship, Delaware, Vermont and Ohio, for the expenses of an excursion to Rome, arrived here today. He explained that, not understanding railway regulations, he had missed several trains. He had previously admitted to Griffin, paymaster's clerk of the Utah, whom he met at Ventimiglia, that he would not be able to fulfill his obligations to the sailors, but today he expressed the hope that he would be able to arrange matters satisfactorily.

A number of the sailors are here. Twenty-eight came from Villa Franca today, and will be received by the Pope tomorrow. It is expected that several hundred will be received by the Pope Saturday.

A dinner will be given to-morrow evening by the American ambassador, to secure the presence of Admiral Badger and the commanders of the battleships, several of whom are now here.

Sight-Seeing in Venice.
Venice, November 13.—Forty sailors and stewards attached to the United States battleship fleet arrived here today and spent the time in sight-seeing. They will leave to-morrow for Florence.

Bluejackets at Pompeii.
Naples, November 13.—Three hundred bluejackets of the battleships Arkansas, Florida and Wyoming visited Pompeii today. Others went on an excursion to Sorrento and Capri, and were everywhere met with enthusiasm. The officers of the Florida gave a tea this afternoon to the Italian officers. Rear Admiral Badger visited Mount Vesuvius.

Rosales Joins Carranza.
Nogales, Sonora, Mexico, November 13.—Ramon M. Rosales, Governor of Hidalgo, under the Madero government, came to join General Carranza. He has been a fugitive in the United States since the overthrow of the Madero government. Senator Rosales said the revolutionary movement was gaining a strong foothold in his State, as he asserted it was in all parts of Mexico.

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days
Druggists refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure itching, blood, bleeding or Protruding piles. First application gives relief. No-Ad.

OBITUARY
Peachy S. Dance.
(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
Amherst Courthouse, Va., November 13.—Peachy S. Dance died today in Amherst County after a short illness. He was the eldest son of the late Major Willis J. Dance, of Powhatan County. Mr. Dance married Miss Fannie E. Parvle, of Powhatan County, who, with several children, died some years ago. Mr. Dance is survived by two brothers, Freeman and Lee Dance, of Richmond. The funeral services will take place from the mortuary chapel, Hollywood, Richmond, at 11 o'clock Saturday morning.

Funeral of Robert Wallace.
(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
Alexandria, Va., November 13.—The funeral of Robert Wallace, resident of this place, who died in Baltimore, was held this afternoon from Whaley's undertaking chapel. Services were conducted by Rev. G. A. Luttrell, pastor of Trinity M. E. Church.

DEATHS
DANCE.—Died, in Amherst County, PEACHY S. DANCE, of Powhatan County, in the fifty-third year of his age. Funeral services from Hollywood Mortuary Chapel, SATURDAY MORNING at 11 o'clock.

DREW.—Died, at the Little Sisters, November 13, at 7:15 A. M., EDWARD W. DREW, in the seventy-sixth year of his age. The funeral will take place from the home of Mrs. M. J. THIS (Friday) at 3 o'clock. Friends invited. No flowers. Interment Mount Calvary.

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